

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = f(y) \text{ の形の微分方程式}$$

例 29 次の微分方程式の一般解を求めよ。

(1) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{y^3}$ (2) $\sqrt{y} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 1$

(解) (1) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{y^3}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = p \quad \text{とおくと}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{dp}{dx} = \frac{dp}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = p \frac{dp}{dy}$$

$$p \frac{dp}{dy} = \frac{1}{y^3} \quad \int p dp = \int \frac{1}{y^3} dy$$

$$\frac{p^2}{2} = -\frac{1}{2y^2} + c \quad p^2 = -\frac{1}{y^2} + 2c$$

$$p = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{1}{y^2} + 2c} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{2cy^2 - 1}{y^2}}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{y^2}{2cy^2 - 1}}$$

$$x = \pm \int \frac{y}{\sqrt{2cy^2 - 1}} dy$$

$$= \pm \frac{1}{2c} \int \frac{4cy}{2\sqrt{2cy^2 - 1}} dy$$

$$= \pm \frac{1}{2c} \sqrt{2cy^2 - 1} + C_2$$

$$x - C_2 = \pm \frac{1}{2c} \sqrt{2cy^2 - 1}$$

$$(x - C_2)^2 = \frac{1}{4c^2} (2cy^2 - 1)$$

$$(x - C_2)^2 = \frac{1}{2c} y^2 - \frac{1}{4c^2}$$

$$y^2 = 2c(x - C_2)^2 + \frac{1}{2c}$$

$2c = C_1$ とおくと、求める一般解は
 $y^2 = C_1(x - C_2)^2 + \frac{1}{C_1}$ (C_1, C_2 は任意定数) 。

(2) $\sqrt{y} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 1$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = p \quad \text{とおくと}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{dp}{dx} = \frac{dp}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = p \frac{dp}{dy}$$

$$\sqrt{y} p \frac{dp}{dy} = 1 \quad \int p dp = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$\frac{p^2}{2} = 2\sqrt{y} + c \quad p^2 = 4\sqrt{y} + 2c$$

ここで $c = 2C_1$ とおくと

$$p = \pm 2\sqrt{\sqrt{y} + C_1} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \pm 2\sqrt{\sqrt{y} + C_1}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = \pm \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{y} + C_1}}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{y} + C_1}} dy$$

$$\sqrt{y} = t \quad \text{とおくと} \quad y = t^2 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 2t$$

$$x = \pm \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{t + C_1}} 2t dt = \pm \int \frac{t}{\sqrt{t + C_1}} dt$$

$$= t \cdot 2\sqrt{t + C_1} - \int 1 \cdot 2\sqrt{t + C_1} dt$$

$$= 2t\sqrt{t + C_1} - 2 \cdot \frac{(t + C_1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} + C_2$$

$$= 2t\sqrt{t + C_1} - \frac{4}{3}(t + C_1)\sqrt{t + C_1} + C_2$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{t + C_1} (t - 2C_1) + C_2$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{\sqrt{y} + C_1} (\sqrt{y} - 2C_1) + C_2$$

$$3(x - C_2) = 2\sqrt{\sqrt{y} + C_1} (\sqrt{y} - 2C_1)$$

よって、求める一般解は
 $4(\sqrt{y} + C_1)(\sqrt{y} - 2C_1)^2 = 9(x - C_2)^2$ 。

(C_1, C_2 は任意定数)