

積分法 基礎 小テスト (No.12) 解答例

1. 次の不定積分を求めよ。

(1) $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx$

(解) $9+x^2=t$ とおくと、 $\frac{dt}{dx} = 2x$ $\frac{1}{2}dt = x dx$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} x dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} dt = \frac{1}{2} \int t^{-\frac{1}{2}} dt = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}+1} t^{-\frac{1}{2}+1} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} t^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{t} = \sqrt{9+x^2} \quad "$$

(2) $\int \frac{(\log x)^3}{x} dx$

(解) $t = \log x$ とおくと、 $\frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$ $dt = \frac{1}{x} dx$

$$\int \frac{(\log x)^3}{x} dx = \int (\log x)^3 \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx = \int t^3 dt = \frac{1}{4} t^4 = \frac{1}{4} (\log x)^4 \quad "$$

2. 次の定積分の値を求めよ。

(1) $\int_0^1 \sqrt{3x+1} dx$

(解) $3x+1=t$ とおくと、 $\frac{dt}{dx} = 3$ $\frac{1}{3}dt = dx$

x	0	→	1
t	1	→	4

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{3x+1} dx = \int_1^4 \sqrt{t} \cdot \frac{1}{3} dt = \frac{1}{3} \int_1^4 t^{\frac{1}{2}} dt = \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}+1} t^{\frac{1}{2}+1} \right]_1^4$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1}{\frac{3}{2}} t^{\frac{3}{2}} \right]_1^4 = \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{t^3} \right]_1^4 = \frac{2}{9} [t\sqrt{t}]_1^4 = \frac{2}{9} (4\sqrt{4} - 1\sqrt{1}) = \frac{2}{9} (4 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1) = \frac{14}{9} \quad "$$

(2) $\int_0^{\log 3} e^x (e^x + 2)^2 dx$

(解) $e^x + 2 = t$ とおくと、 $\frac{dt}{dx} = e^x$ $dt = e^x dx$

x	0	→	$\log 3$
t	3	→	5

$$\int_0^{\log 3} e^x (e^x + 2)^2 dx = \int_3^5 t^2 dt = \left[\frac{1}{3} t^3 \right]_3^5$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} [t^3]_3^5 = \frac{1}{3} (5^3 - 3^3) = \frac{98}{3} \quad "$$

計算

$x = 0$ のとき
 $t = e^0 + 2 = 1 + 2 = 3$

$x = \log 3$ のとき
 $t = e^{\log 3} + 2 = 3 + 2 = 5$

{ $e^{\log_e 3} = p$ おくと
 $\log_e 3 = \log_e p$ $p = 3$ }

3. 次の各問に答えよ。

(1) 次の等式が成り立つように、定数 a, b, c の値を定めよ。

$$\frac{1}{x(x+1)^2} = \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{x+1} + \frac{c}{(x+1)^2}$$

(解) $1 = a(x+1)^2 + bx(x+1) + cx$
 $1 = a(x^2 + 2x + 1) + b(x^2 + x) + cx$
 $1 = (a+b)x^2 + (2a+b+c)x + a$

$$\begin{cases} a+b=0 \\ 2a+b+c=0 \\ a=1 \end{cases} \quad a=1, b=-1, c=-1 \quad "$$

(2) 不定積分 $\int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^2} dx$ を求めよ。

(解) $\int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^2} dx = \int \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{-1}{x+1} + \frac{-1}{(x+1)^2} \right) dx = \int \left\{ \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x+1} - (x+1)^{-2} \right\} dx$

$$= \log|x| - \log|x+1| - \frac{1}{-2+1} (x+1)^{-2+1} = \log \left| \frac{x}{x+1} \right| + (x+1)^{-1} = \log \left| \frac{x}{x+1} \right| + \frac{1}{x+1} \quad "$$